Notes to the financial statements

for the financial year ended 31 March 2012 continued

	Consolidated 2012 \$m	Consolidated 2011 \$m	Company 2012 \$m	Company 2011 \$m
Note 17				
Interests in associates and joint ventures accounted for u	ising the equity method	continued		
(iii) Contingent liabilities of associates and joint venture	s are as follows:			
Share incurred jointly with other investors	33	15	_	_
For which the Consolidated Entity is severally liable	17	8	-	<u> </u>
Consolidated Entity's share of: Assets Liabilities Revenues Profit after tax	7,101 4,346 1,206 108	5,784 3,109 1,103 159	- - -	- - - -
Note 18 Intangible assets				
Goodwill	693	665	_	_
Customer and servicing contracts	146	186	_	_
Intangible assets with indefinite lives	246	259	-	_
Other identifiable intangible assets	266	207	_	
Total intangible assets	1,351	1,317	_	_

The majority of the above amounts are expected to be recovered after 12 months of the balance date by the Consolidated Entity.

Reconciliation of the Consolidated Entity's movement in intangible assets:

	Goodwill \$m	Customer and servicing contracts \$m	Intangible assets with indefinite lives \$m	Other identifiable intangible assets \$m	Total \$m
Balance at the beginning of the financial year	665	186	259	207	1,317
Acquisitions during the financial year	51	_	_	147	198
Reclassifications during the financial year	1	_	_	(1)	_
Adjustments to purchase consideration ¹	(5)	9	_	(5)	(1)
Disposals during the financial year	(7)	-	-	(18)	(25)
Impairment during the financial year	(6)	(17)	(12)	(2)	(37)
Amortisation expense for the financial year	_	(32)	_	(54)	(86)
Currency translation difference arising during the					
financial year	(6)	_	(1)	(8)	(15)
Balance at the end of the financial year	693	146	246	266	1,351

These balances relate to adjustments to purchase considerations and allocations.

In relation to businesses acquired and held for disposal, the individual business is treated as a cash generating unit. Assets associated with strategic business acquisitions are allocated to each of the operating segments (refer to note 3 – Segment reporting) and assessed for impairment on a regional legal entity operating group basis.

The recoverable amount of goodwill is determined using the higher of value-in-use and fair value less costs to sell.

Value-in-use calculations are based upon discounting estimated post-tax cashflows at a risk-adjusted interest rate appropriate to the cash generating unit to which the goodwill applies. The determination of both cashflows and discount rates require the exercise of judgement. The calculations use cash flow estimations based on financial budgets and forecasts reviewed by management. These cashflows are discounted at rates that have been determined by reference to historical company and industry experience and publicly available data.

Fair value less costs to sell calculations are determined using an earnings multiple approach applicable to that type of business. These have been determined by reference to historical company and industry experience and publicly available data.